

(Document format provided for convenience of Planning Commission. Adopted format will be consistent with standard ordinance formatting)

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# 21A.44.010 Purpose

This chapter is intended to require that new development and redevelopment projects provide off street parking and loading facilities in proportion to the parking, loading, and transportation demands of the buildings and land uses included in those projects. This chapter is also intended to help protect the public health, safety, and general welfare by:

- **A.** Avoiding and mitigating traffic congestion and reducing the financial burden on taxpayer funded roadways;
- **B.** Providing necessary access for service and emergency vehicles;
- C. Providing for safe and convenient interaction between vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians;
- **D.** Providing flexible methods of responding to the transportation and access demands of various land uses in different areas of the city;
- **E.** Reducing storm water runoff, reducing heat island effect from large expanses of pavement, improving water quality, and minimizing dust pollution;
- **F.** Establishing context-sensitive parking standards to reflect the current and future built environment of neighborhoods; and
- **G.** Avoiding and mitigating the adverse visual and environmental impacts of large concentrations of exposed parking.

# 21A.44.020 Applicability

# A. Amounts of Parking, Loading, and Drive-Through Facilities Required

The standards of this chapter are intended to establish: minimum and maximum amounts of vehicle parking; minimum required bicycle parking, minimum required loading facilities, and minimum capacity of drive-through facilities and shall apply to projects involving the activities listed below. In some instances, other standards of this chapter provide alternatives for required compliance. Certain exemptions are intended to encourage utilization of existing structures and preserve desirable characteristics of locations built prior to parking requirements.

#### 1. New Development

Unless otherwise exempted by Section 21A.44.020A.4, the standards in this chapter shall apply to all development and land uses upon adoption of this ordinance.

#### 2. Expansion of Use or Structure

The number of off street parking and loading spaces for the expansion of a use or structure shall comply with the requirements of Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking* and the standards of this chapter when:

- a. One or more additional dwelling units is created; or
- b. The addition to or expansion of one or more structures or uses that, when considered together with any other expansions during the previous two-year period, would increase the total usable floor area of the structure(s) by more than twenty-five percent (25%); or

21A.44.030 Calculation of Parking

B Location and Design

c. The addition to or expansion of one (1) or more structures or uses that requires conditional use permit approval.

### 3. Change of Use

- a. Except when located within an Urban Center or Transit Context, or as stated in subsection b below, off street parking shall be provided pursuant to this chapter for any change of use that increases the minimum number of required vehicle parking spaces by:
  - (1) More than ten (10) parking spaces; or
  - (2) More than twenty-five percent (25%) of the parking spaces that currently exist on-site or on permitted off-site locations.
- b. For changes in use in buildings built prior to 1944, no additional parking shall be required beyond what is existing.

# 4. Exemptions from Parking Requirements

The following shall be exempt from providing the minimum parking required by Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking*, but shall comply with maximum parking allowed and location and design standards in Section 21A.44.060 if parking is provided:

- a. Lots created prior to April 12,1995 that are less than five thousand (5,000) square feet in lot area, except those being used for single-family, two-family, and twin home dwelling uses;
- b. Expansions or enlargements that increase the square footage of usable floor area of an existing structure or parking requirements for the use by twenty-five percent (25%) or less, provided that existing off street parking and loading areas are not removed.

# **B.** Location and Design

Section 21A.44.060: *Parking Location and Design*, shall apply to all vehicle parking, bicycle parking, loading, and drive-through facilities, regardless of whether the project is subject to the requirements for additional parking spaces or other facilities pursuant to Section 21A.44.020A above. Parking garages are subject to design standards found in 21A.44.060.A.16 and specific requirements of other zoning districts found in 21A.44.060.B.

# 21A.44.030 Calculation of Parking

# A. Generally

- 1. All parking and loading requirements that are based on square footage shall be calculated on the basis of usable floor area of the subject use, unless otherwise specified in Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking*.
- 2. Parking spaces shall not be counted more than once for required off-site, shared, and/or alternative parking plans, except where the development complies with off-site, shared, and/or alternative parking standards.
- **3.** Parking spaces designed or designated exclusively for motorcycles, scooters, and other two wheeled vehicles shall not count toward the number of minimum required or maximum allowed off street parking spaces.

21A.44.040 Required Off Street Parking

B Unlisted Uses

- **4.** Parking spaces intended for storage of business vehicles, such as fleet vehicles, delivery vehicles, or vehicles on display associated with sales or rental shall not count toward the number of minimum required or maximum allowed off street parking spaces unless otherwise stated in Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking*.
- **5.** Parking spaces designed or designated exclusively for recreational vehicles shall not count toward the number of minimum required or maximum allowed off street parking spaces.
- **6.** When calculations of the number of required off street parking spaces for vehicles or bicycles result in a fractional number, any fraction of 0.5 or larger shall be rounded up to the next higher whole number. Calculations for more than one use in a project shall be calculated for each individual use and may be rounded individually and added, or added then rounded as determined by the applicant.
- **7.** Lots containing more than one (1) use may provide parking and loading based on the shared parking calculations in section 21A.44.050BB: *Shared Parking*.

#### **B.** Unlisted Uses

For uses not listed in Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking* the Planning Director is authorized to do any of the following:

- 1. Apply the minimum or maximum off street parking space requirement specified in Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking*, for the listed use that is deemed most similar to the proposed use as determined by the Planning Director based on operating characteristics, the most similar related occupancy classification, or other factors related to potential parking demand determined by the Director.
- **2.** Apply a minimum parking requirement of three (3) spaces per one thousand (1,000) square feet of usable floor area for the use and a maximum parking allowance of five (5) spaces per one thousand (1,000) square feet of useable floor area for the use.
- **3.** Establish the minimum off street parking space and loading requirements based on a parking study prepared by the applicant according to Section 21A.44.050F.

# 21A.44.040 Required Off Street Parking

# A. Minimum and Maximum Parking Spaces Required

- 1. Unless otherwise provided in this Code, each development or land use subject to this chapter pursuant to Section 21A.44.020 shall provide at least the minimum number, and shall not provide more than the maximum number, of off street parking spaces required by Table 21A.44.040-A: Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking.
- **2.** A parking standard shown in Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking*, is not an indication of whether the use is allowed or prohibited in the respective zoning district or context area. See Chapter 21A.33: *Land Use Tables* for allowed and prohibited uses.
- **3.** The maximum parking limit does not apply to parking provided in parking garages, stacked or racked parking structures, or to off-site parking that complies with all other requirements of this title.
- **4.** The maximum parking limit does not apply to properties in the M-1, M-2, BP, or Airport zoning districts that are located west of the centerline of Redwood Road.

21A.44.040 Required Off Street Parking

A Minimum and Maximum Parking Spaces Required

- **5.** If a conditional use is approved by the Planning Commission in accordance with Chapter 21A.54: *Conditional Uses*, and the conditional use approval states a different parking requirement than that required by this Chapter 21A.44, and is determined necessary to mitigate a detrimental impact, then the parking requirement in the conditional use approval shall apply.
- **6.** All uses with vehicle stacking and/or drive-through facilities shall comply with Section 21A.44.080: Drive-Through Facilities and Vehicle Stacking Areas, in addition to the requirements of Table 21A.44.040-A: Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking.
- 7. All uses with outdoor sales, display, leasing, and/or auction areas shall also provide one-half (1/2) parking space and no more than two (2) parking spaces per one thousand (1,000) sq. ft. of outdoor sales, display, leasing, and/or auction area. This additional parking shall not count toward the maximum allowed per Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street* Parking, when a maximum is specified.

#### **Context Approach**

Salt Lake City has a wide variety of development contexts that make any single approach to minimum and maximum parking requirements ineffective. The parking demand for a downtown area served by transit will be much lower than a downtown adjacent neighborhood or suburban shopping center. To ensure that minimum and maximum parking requirements reflect the built context (and future built context) of the area, we created four distinct "context areas", and then tailored minimum and maximum parking standards to each. The *Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking Table* below lists the specific zoning districts included in each context area. The following is a brief narrative introducing each context area:

- General Context: This category includes the City's zoning districts that tend to be more auto-dependent and/or suburban in scale and parking needs. This context applies broadly to all of the zoning districts that are not specifically listed in the other context areas.
- 2. **Neighborhood Center:** This category includes areas with small- or moderate-scale shopping, gathering, or activity spaces, often within or adjacent to General Context areas, but that are not necessarily well served by transit. This category includes zoning districts with pedestrian-scale development patterns, building forms, and amenities.
- 3. **Urban Center:** This category includes zoning districts with dense, pedestrian-oriented development within more intensely developed urban centers. The parking demand in this context is higher than in the Neighborhood Center Context, but lower than areas with good transit service.
- 4. **Transit Context:** This category includes those zoning districts that immediately surround mass-transit facilities and/or are in the downtown core. These areas have the lowest parking demand and may be exempt from minimum parking requirements or be required to provide minimal off street parking.

21A.44.040 Required Off Street Parking

A Minimum and Maximum Parking Spaces Required

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**Vehicle Stacking and Drive-Through Facilities:** See 21A.44.040A.6 **Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing/Auction Areas**: See 21A.44.040A.7

# **Residential Uses**

Residential Uses					
Household Living					
Artists' loft/studio	1.5 spaces per DU	1 space per DU	0.5 spaces per DU	No Minimum	No Maximum
Manufactured home					
Mobile home	2 spages pay DII				
Single-family (attached)	2 spaces per DU				All Contexts:
Single-family (detached)		1 space <sub>l</sub>	per DU	No Minimum	4 spaces, not including
Single-family cottage development building form	1 space per DU				recreational vehicle parking spaces
Twin home	2 spaces per DU				
Two-family	2 spaces per bo				
Multi-family	Studio and 1 bedrooms: 1 space per DU, 2+ bedrooms 1.25 space per DU	Studio and 1+ bedrooms: 1 space per DU	Studio: No Minimum 1 bedroom: 0.5 space per DU 2+ bedrooms: 1 space per DU	No Minimum	All Contexts: Studio & 1 Bedroom 2 spaces per DU 2+ bedrooms: 3 spaces per DU
Group Living					
Assisted living facility	home plus 1 space for eac	1 space for each 6 infirmary or nursing home beds; plus 1 space for each 4 rooming units; plus 1 space for each 3 DU		No Minimum	No Maximum
Nursing care facility			plus 1 space for each 4 DU See Table Note A		
Eleemosynary facility					
Group home	1 space per 4 persons design capacity; See Table Note A	1 space per 6 persons design capacity; See Table Note A	1 space per 4 persons design capacity; See Table Note A	No Minimum	All Contexts: 1 space per 3 persons design capacity; See Table Note A
Residential support					
Dormitory, fraternity, sorority	1 space per 2 persons design capacity	1 space per 3 persons design capacity	1 space per 4 persons design capacity	No Minimum	All Contexts: 1 space per 1 persons design capacity

Table 21A.44.040	-A: Minimum and	Maximum O	ff Street Par	king			
DU = dwelling unit se	q. ft. = square feet						
		Minimum Parking Requirement					
	General Context	Neighborhood Center Context	Urban Center Context	Transit Context	Maximum		
Land Use	All zoning districts not listed in another context area	RB, SNB, CB, CN, R- MU-35, R-MU-45, SR-3, FB-UN1, FB-SE	D-2, MU, TSA-T, CSHBD1. CSHBD2	D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU, TSA-C, UI, FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB- SC. R-MU	Parking Allowed		
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-Through Facilities: See 21A.44.040A.6  Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing/Auction Areas: See 21A.44.040A.7							
Rooming (boarding) house	1 space per 2 guest rooms	1 space per 3 guest rooms	1 space per 4 guest rooms	No Minimum	No Maximum		
Single room occupancy	0.5 space:	s per unit	0.25 spaces per unit	No Minimum	No Maximum		
<b>Public, Instituti</b>	ional, and Civic	Uses					
Community and Cult	ural Facilities						
Art gallery							
Studio, Art		4.000 6	0.5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.	No Minimum	All Contexts: 2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.		
Exhibition hall	1 space per	1,000 sq. ft.					
Museum					34.10		
Crematorium							
Daycare center, adult							
Daycare center, child	2 spaces per	1,000 sq. ft. 1 spaces per					
Homeless resource center							
Library			1,000 sq. ft.	No Minimum	No Maximum		
Community correctional facility,	3 spaces per 1,000	2.5 spaces per					
Community recreation center	er sq. ft.	1,000 sq. ft.					
Jail							
Government facility			1 spaces per				
Social service mission and charity dining hall	3 spaces per 1,000 :	sq. ft. of office area	1,000 sq. ft. of office area	No Minimum	No Maximum		
Municipal service use, including city utility use and police and fire station		2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of office area, plus 1 space per service vehicle		No Minimum	No Maximum		
Club/lodge	1 space per 6 seats	1 space per 8	service vehicle  1 space per 10		All Contexts:		
Meeting hall of membership organization		seats in main assembly area	seats in main assembly area	No Minimum	1 space per 4 seats in main assembly area		
Convent/monastery	1 space per 4 persons design capacity	1 space per 6 persons design capacity	1 space per 8 persons design capacity	No Minimum	No Maximum		

Minimum and	Maximum O	ff Street Par	king			
. = square feet						
	Minimum Parking	g Requirement				
General	Neighborhood	<b>Urban Center</b>	Transit			
Context	Center Context	Context	Context	Maximum		
All zoning districts not		D 2 MIL TCA T		Parking Allowed		
listed in another						
context area	FB-UN1, FB-SE	CSTIDD 1. CSTIDDL	SC. R-MU			
/Auction Areas: See 2	1A.44.040A.7 I	I	1			
				Urban Center and Transit Center		
				Context: 2 spaces		
1 space per 4 seats	1 space per 5	1 space per 6		per 4 seats in mair		
			No Minimum	assembly areas		
area	assembly area	assembly area		Neighborhood		
				Center and Genera		
				Context: No		
				maximum		
1 space per 6 seats	1 space per 8	1 space per 10		All Contexts: 1 space per 3.5		
		seats or 1 space		seats or 1 space pe		
sq. ft., whichever is	per 400 sq. ft.,		No Minimum	200 sq. ft.,		
less	whichever is less	less		whichever is		
	C 7.1.1	No. 10 B		greater		
	See Table	Note B		No Maximum  All Contexts:		
	2 spaces per 1,000					
	sq. ft. of office, plu					
		1 space per 6 seat				
				in assembly areas		
-	See Table	Note B				
				No Maximum		
-	No Mini	mum				
-						
2 spaces per 1,000						
· ·						
space per 6 seats in	space per 10 seats i	in assembly areas				
assembly areas	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		No Minimum	All Contexts:		
Elementary or Mic	4 spaces per 1,000					
Liementary or wife	canacity	capacity High Schools: 1 space per 8 students design capacity				
1	capacity pace per 8 students d	esign capacity		sq. ft.		
1	' '	esign capacity		sq. ft.		
1	' '	esign capacity  1 space per 1,000 sq. ft.		sq. ft.		
	General Context  All zoning districts not listed in another context area rough Facilities: See 2' /Auction Areas: See 2  1 space per 4 seats in main assembly area  1 space per 6 seats or 1 space per 300 sq. ft., whichever is less  2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. office, research, and library area, plus 1 space per 6 seats in sp	General Context  All zoning districts not listed in another context area  1 space per 4 seats in main assembly area  1 space per 6 seats or 1 space per 300 sq. ft., whichever is less  2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. office, research, and library area, plus 1 space per 6 seats in space per 6 seats or 1 space per 8 seats or 1 space per 8 seats or 1 space per 400 sq. ft., whichever is less  2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. office, research, and library area, plus 1 space per 6 seats in space per 6 seats in space per 6 seats in space per 1,000 research, and library area, plus 1 space per 6 seats in space per 10 seats in space	Minimum Parking Requirement  General Context Center Context  All zoning districts not listed in another context area Prough Facilities: See 21A.44.040A.6 (JAuction Areas: See 21A.44.040A.6 (JAuction Areas: See 21A.44.040A.7)  1 space per 4 seats in main assembly area  1 space per 6 seats or 1 space per 8 seats or 1 space per 400 sq. ft., whichever is less  See Table Note B  See Table Note B  2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. office, research, and library area, plus 1 space per 10 seats in assembly area  2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. office, research, and library area, plus 1 space per 10 seats in assembly area	Minimum Parking Requirement   General Context   Neighborhood Center Context   Contex		

Table 21A.44.040-A	: Minimum and	Maximum O	ff Street Par	king	
DU = dwelling unit sq. f	t. = square feet				
	Minimum Parking Requirement				
	General	Neighborhood	<b>Urban Center</b>	Transit	
Land Use	Context	Center Context	Context	Context	Maximum
	All zoning districts not	RB, SNB, CB, CN, R- MU-35,	D-2, MU, TSA-T,	D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU, TSA-C, UI,	Parking Allowed
	listed in another	R-MU-45, SR-3,		FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB-	
	context area	FB-UN1, FB-SE		SC. R-MU	
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-Th Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing					
Professional and vocational					
(with outdoor activities)					
Seminary and religious institute					
Healthcare Facilities				I.	
			1 space per		All Contexts: 6
Clinic (medical, dental)	4 spaces per	1,000 sq. ft.	1,000 sq. ft.		spaces per 1,000
				_	sq. ft Transit and Urban
					Center Context: 3
					spaces per 1,000
Blood donation center	3 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.		1 space per 1,000 sq. ft.	No Minimum	sq. ft
					Neighborhood
					Center and Genera
					Context: 6 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.
Hospital			1 space per 2		All Contexts:
Hospital, including accessory	1 space per 3 pat		gn 1 space per 2 patient beds		1 space per 2
lodging facility	capa	icity	design capacity		patient beds design capacity
<b>Commercial Uses</b>					
Agricultural and Animal					
Greenhouse					
Kennel			1 space per		
Pound	2 spaces per	1,000 sq. ft.	1,000 sq. ft.		
Veterinary office					
Cremation service, animal			•	N- NA:	Transit and Urban
Kennel on lots of 5 acres or larger				No Minimum	Center Context: 2 spaces per 1,000
Poultry farm or processing	1 s	space per 1,000 sq. ft.			sq. ft
plant	-				Neighborhood
Raising of furbearing animals	-				Center and General
Slaughterhouse					Context: No Maximum
Agricultural use	_	iviaxiiiiuiii			
ommunity garden					
Farmer's market No Minimum					
Grain elevator	_				
Pet cemetery					

DU = dwelling unit sq. ft.	= square feet	Maximum Of	rt Street Par	king		
Do – dweining drift sq. ft.	- square reet	Minimum Parking	n Poquiromont			
	General	Neighborhood	Urban Center	Transit		
	Context	Center Context	Context	Context	Maximum	
Land Use		RB, SNB, CB, CN, R-	Context	D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU,	Parking Allowed	
	All zoning districts not listed in another	MU-35,	D-2, MU, TSA-T,	TSA-C, UI,	r arking Anoweu	
	context area	R-MU-45, SR-3,	CSHBD1. CSHBD2	FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB-		
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-Thro	ough Facilities: See 21	FB-UN1, FB-SE A 44 040A 6		SC. R-MU		
Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing/						
Stable						
Stockyard						
Urban farm						
Botanical garden		See Table	Note B			
Recreation and Entertainn	ment	300 103.0	. 1010 2			
Auditorium	nent			Π		
	1 space per 4 seats	1 space per 6	1 space per 8 seats in	No Minimum	All Contexts:	
Theater, live performance	in assembly areas	seats in assembly areas	assembly areas	NO Minimum	1 space per 3 seats in assembly areas	
Theater, movie			, , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Amphitheater						
Athletic Field			See Table Note B			
Stadium			Γ			
Tennis court (principal use)	2 spaces p	er court			Transit and Urban Center Context: 2	
					spaces per court or	
					lane	
Bowling	2 spaces i	per lane	No M	Ni a la la la a ula a a al		
	2 spaces per lane			Neighborhood Center and General		
					Context: No	
				T	Maximum	
Convention center	4	4.000 6			All Contexts:	
Swimming pool, skating rink or	1 s <sub> </sub>	pace per 1,000 sq. ft.			3 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.	
natatorium  Health and fitness facility					34. 16.	
Performing arts production				No Minimum		
facility	2 spaces per	1,000 sq. ft.	1 space per		All Contexts:	
Reception center			1,000 sq. ft.		4 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.	
Recreation (indoor)	3 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.	2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.			-4	
Recreational vehicle park	1 9	space per designated	camping or RV spo	t		
(minimum 1 acre)		See Table			No Maximum	
Amusement park						
Recreation (outdoor)  See Table Note B						
Food and Beverage Service		_				
Brewpub	Indoor tasting/seating 1,000 s		Indoor	No Minimum	Transit and Urban Center Context: 5	
prewhan		g/seating area:	t.; No Minimum No Minimum			

Table 21A.44.040-A:	Minimum and	Maximum O	ff Street Par	king				
DU = dwelling unit sq. ft	. = square feet							
		Minimum Parking	g Requirement					
	General Neighborhood		<b>Urban Center</b>	Transit				
l and lles	Context	Center Context	Context	Context	Maximum			
Land Use	All zoning districts not	RB, SNB, CB, CN, R-		D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU,	Parking Allowed			
	listed in another	MU-35, R-MU-45, SR-3,	D-2, MU, TSA-T,	TSA-C, UI, FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB-				
	context area	FB-UN1, FB-SE	CSHBD1. CSHBD2	SC. R-MU				
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-Through Facilities: See 21A.44.040A.6								
Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing	/Auction Areas: See 2	1A.44.040A.7	_	1				
	2 spaces per	1,000 sq. ft.	area: 2 spaces		sq. ft indoor			
			per 1,000 sq. ft.;		tasting/seating area			
Restaurant			Outdoor tasting/seating		Neighborhood			
			area:		Center and General			
			1 space per		Context: 7 spaces			
			1,000 sq. ft.		per 1,000 sq. ft.			
					indoor			
					tasting/seating area			
Tavern					All Contexts:			
					Outdoor tasting/			
					seating area:			
					4 spaces per 1,000			
					sq. ft.			
	1 space per 6 seats	1 space per 8	1 space per 10 seats in main		All Contexts:			
	1 space per 6 seats in main assembly	seats in main	assembly area,		1 space per 4 seats in main assembly			
Social club	area, or 1 space per	assembly area, or	or 1 space per	No Minimum	area, or 1 space per			
	300 sq. ft.,	1 space per 400	500 sq. ft.,		200 sq. ft.,			
	whichever is less	sq. ft., whichever is less	whichever is		whichever is			
		15 1635	less		greater			
Office, Business, and Pro	ofessional							
Services	1		ı	1				
Check cashing/payday loan					General Context:			
business  Dental laboratory/ research	-				4 spaces per 1,000			
facility	2 spaces per	1,000 sq. ft			Neighborhood			
Financial institution	2 spaces per	1,000 sq. it.			Center Context:			
Research and laboratory	-		1 space per		3 spaces per 1,000			
facilities			1,000 sq. ft.	No Minimum				
			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Urban Center and Transit Center			
					Contexts:			
Office (excluding medical and dental clinic and office)	3 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.	2 spaces per 1,000			2 spaces per 1,000			
dental clinic and office)	Sq. 1t.	sq. ft.			.,			
Retail Sales & Services								
Photo finishing lab					Transit and Urban			
Electronic repair shop	1				Center Contexts: 2			
Furniture repair shop	No Min	iimum	1 space per 1,000 sq. ft.	No Minimum	spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.			
Upholstery shop	1		1,000 34. 11.		5q. It.			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1		1	I				

Table 21A.44.040-A: Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking							
DU = dwelling unit sq. ft. = square feet							
		Minimum Parking Requirement					
	General	Neighborhood	<b>Urban Center</b>	Transit			
Land Use	Context	Center Context	Context	Context	Maximum		
Land Ose	All zoning districts not	RB, SNB, CB, CN, R- MU-35,	D-2, MU, TSA-T,	D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU, TSA-C, UI,	Parking Allowed		
	listed in another	R-MU-45, SR-3,		FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB-			
	context area	FB-UN1, FB-SE		SC. R-MU			
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-The Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing							
Outdoor Sales/ Display/ Leasing	/Auction Aleas. See 2	TA.44.040A.7			Neighborhood		
Radio, television station	3 spaces per 1,000	2 spaces per 1,000	1 space per		Center and General		
Radio, television station	sq. ft.	sq. ft.	1,000 sq. ft.		Context: 3 spaces		
					per 1,000 sq. ft. Transit and Urban		
					Center Contexts: 2		
	3 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.	2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.	1.5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.		spaces per 1,000		
					sq. ft.		
					Neighborhood		
Store, Convenience					Center: 3 spaces		
					per 1,000 sq. ft.		
					General Context: 5		
					spaces per 1,000		
					sq. ft.		
Auction, Indoor	-						
Store, Department  Fashion oriented development	-			No Minimum	Transit Context: 2		
Flea market (indoor)	_				spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.		
Flea market (outdoor)	-				•		
Store, Mass merchandising	-				Urban Center and Neighborhood		
Store, Pawn shop	- 2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.	1.5 spaces per 1,000 sg. ft.	1 space per 1,000 sq. ft.		Center Context: 3		
Store, Specialty	39.16.	1,000 34. 16.	1,000 34. 11.		spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.		
Retail goods establishment	1						
Retail service establishment	1				General Context: 4 spaces per 1,000		
Store, Superstore and					spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.		
hypermarket	-						
Store, Warehouse club							

Table 21A.44.040-A DU = dwelling unit sq. f	. iviiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii			——————————————————————————————————————			
DO = aweiling unit sq. r	t. = square reet	Minimum Parking	a Poquiromont				
	General	Neighborhood	Urban Center	Transit			
Land Use	Context	Center Context	Context	Context	Maximum		
		RR SNR CR CN R-	Соптеха	D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU,	Parking Allowed		
	All zoning districts not listed in another	MU-35,	D-2, MU, TSA-T,	TSA-C, UI,	raiking Anowed		
	context area	R-MU-45, SR-3,	CSHBD1. CSHBD2	FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB-			
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-Th	rough Facilities: See 21	FB-UN1, FB-SE		SC. R-MU			
Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasin							
					Transit and Urban		
					Center Contexts: up		
					to 100,000 sq. ft.: 2		
					spaces per 1,000		
			Up to 100,000		sq. ft., above 100,000 sq. ft.: 1.75		
			sq. ft. : 1.5		spaces per 1,000		
	Up to 100,000 sq. ft.	: 2. spaces per 1,000	spaces per		sq. ft.		
Retail shopping center over	sq. f		1,000 sq. ft				
55,000 sq. ft. usable floor area	Above 100,		Above 100,000		Neighborhood		
	sq. ft. 1.5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.		sq. ft. : 1.25 spaces per		Center and Genera Context: Up to		
			1,000 sq. ft.		100,000 sq. ft.: 3		
			1,000 34. 16.		spaces per 1,000		
					sq. ft.,		
					above 100,000 sq.		
					ft.: 2.5 spaces per		
				<u> </u>	1,000 sq. ft.		
					Transit and Urban Center Contexts:		
					1.5 spaces per		
					1,000 sq. ft.		
Plant and garden shop with outdoor retail sales area	2 spaces per 1,000	1.5 spaces per	1 space per		Neighborhood Center: 2 spaces		
Outdoor retail sales area	sq. ft.	1,000 sq. ft.	1,000 sq. ft.		per 1,000 sq. ft.		
					per 1,000 sq. rt.		
					General Context: 3		
					spaces per 1,000		
					sq. ft.		
Lodging Facilities	1			1	All Control		
Bed and breakfast					All Contexts:		
DEG AND DIEAKIASE			0.5 spaces per		1.25 spaces per guest bedroom		
	1 space per gu	iest bedroom	guest bedroom	No Minimum	All Contexts:		
Hotel/motel			J		1.5 spaces per		
guest bedroom							
Vehicles and Equipment	t						
			1 space per				
Vehicle Auction	2 spaces per 1,000 s		1,000 sq. ft. of office area plus	No Minimum	No Maximum		
vernicle Auction	plus 1 space p	er service bay	1 space per	INO WIIIIIIIIIIII	INO IVIAXIIIIUIII		
			service bay				
Automobile part sales				No Minimum	All Contexts:		

DU = dwelling unit sq. ft	. = square feet				
		Minimum Parking	a Requirement		
	General	Neighborhood	Urban Center	Transit	
Land Use	Context	Center Context	Context	Context	Maximum
	All Control	RB, SNB, CB, CN, R-		D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU,	Parking Allowed
	All zoning districts not listed in another	MU-35,	D-2, MU, TSA-T,	TSA-C, UI,	1 411
	context area	R-MU-45, SR-3,	CSHBD1. CSHBD2	FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB-	
Vahiala Stadium and Drive The		FB-UN1, FB-SE		SC. R-MU	
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-The Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing					
Automobile and truck repair	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				3 spaces per 1,000
sales/rental and service					sq. ft. of indoor
Boat/recreational vehicle sales					sales/leasing/ office
and service (indoor)			1 space per		area, plus 1 space
Equipment rental (indoor			1,000 sq. ft. of		per service bay
and/or outdoor)	2 spaces per 1,000	sq. ft. of indoor	indoor		
Equipment, heavy (rental,	sales/leasing/office a		sales/leasing/		
sales, service)  Manufactured/mobile home	service	e bay	office area plus		
sales and service			1 space per		
Recreational vehicle (RV) sales			service bay		
and service					
Truck repair sales and rental					
(large)					
Car wash					Transit and Urban
					Center Contexts: 1
					space per 1,000 sq. ft.
		IL.			
Car wash as accessory use to					Neighborhood
gas station or convenience		No Mini	mum		Center: 2 spaces
store that sells gas		per 1,000 sq. ft.			
		General Context: 5			
		spaces per 1,000			
			T		sq. ft.
					General Context: 5 spaces per 1,000 sq
					ft.
					Neighborhood Cente
	2 spaces per 1,000	2 spaces per 1,000			Context:
Gas station	sq. ft.	sq. ft.	No Minimum		3 spaces per 1,000 sq
	541.10	34. 1			ft.
					Urban Center
					Context:
					1 space per 1,000 sq.
					ft.
Bus line yard and repair					
facility	_				
Impound lot	1 space per 1,000 sq	. ft. , plus 1 space per	commercial fleet	No Minimum	No Maximum
Limousine service	1	vehicle			
Taxicab facility	1				
ranical racinty					1

Table 21A.44.040-A:	Minimum and	Maximum O	f Street Par	king				
DU = dwelling unit sq. ft. = square feet								
Land Hea	General Context	Neighborhood Center Context	Urban Center Context	Transit Context	Maximum			
Land Use	All zoning districts not listed in another context area	RB, SNB, CB, CN, R- MU-35, R-MU-45, SR-3, FB-UN1, FB-SE	D-2, MU, TSA-T, CSHBD1. CSHBD2	D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU, TSA-C, UI, FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB- SC. R-MU	Parking Allowed			
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-Thr Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing								
Tire distribution retail/wholesale								
	Adı	ılt Entertainment Esta	olishments					
Sexually oriented business	3 spaces per	1,000 sq. ft.	1 space per 1,000 sq. ft.	No Minimum	All Contexts: 5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.			
<b>Transportation Us</b>	ses							
Airport		Determined by Air	nort Authority		No Maximum			
Heliport		Determined by An	port Authority		NO Maximum			
Bus line station/terminal  Intermodal transit passenger hub		Urban Center and Transit Contexts: 2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.						
Railroad, passenger station		No Mini	mum		Neighborhood Center and Genera			
Transportation terminal, including bus, rail and trucking					Context: 1 space per 150 average daily passenger boardings			
Railroad, repair shop Truck freight terminal		sq. ft. , plus 1 space p nerally stored on-site	er fleet vehicle	No Minimum				
Railroad, freight terminal facility	9-	No Mini	mum		No Maximum			
Industrial Uses								
Manufacturing and								
Processing								
Artisan food production	1 space per 1,000 so area, plus 2 spaces office/	per 1,000 sq. ft. of	0.5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of production area, plus 1.5 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of office/retail	No Minimum	Transit and Urban Center Contexts: 1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. of production area, plus 2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of office/retail			

Table 21A.44.040-A:	Minimum and	Maximum O	ff Street Par	king	
	. = square feet			9	
		Minimum Parking	Requirement		
	General Neighborhood Urban Center			Transit	
	Context	Center Context	Context	Context	Maximum
Land Use	All zoning districts not	RB, SNB, CB, CN, R-		D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU,	Parking Allowed
	listed in another	MU-35, R-MU-45, SR-3,	D-2, MU, TSA-T,	TSA-C, UI, FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB-	
	context area	FB-UN1, FB-SE	CSTIDD 1. CSTIDDE	SC. R-MU	
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-Th					
Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing	/Auction Areas: See 2	IA.44.040A.7			
Bakery, commercial					Neighborhood Center and General Context: 2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of production area, plus 3 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of office/retail
Automobile salvage and recycling (outdoor)	1 space per 1,000	) sq. ft. of office	0.5 space per 1,000 sq. ft. of	No Minimum	All Contexts: 7 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of
Processing center (outdoor)			office		office/retail
Automobile salvage and					
recycling (indoor)  Blacksmith shop					
Bottling plant					
Brewery/Small Brewery					
Chemical manufacturing					
and/or storage					
Commercial food preparation					
Distillery					
Drop forge industry					
Explosive manufacturing and storage				No Minimum	
Food processing	1 s	pace per 1,000 sq. ft.			No Maximum
Heavy manufacturing	1				
Incinerator, medical					
waste/hazardous waste					
Industrial assembly					
Jewelry fabrication					
Laundry, commercial					
Light manufacturing					
Manufacturing and processing, food					
Paint manufacturing				No Minimum	
Printing plant				140 Minimum	

Table 21A.44.040-A:	Minimum and	Maximum O	ff Street Par	king	
	. = square feet				
		Minimum Parkin	g Requirement		
	General	Neighborhood	Urban Center	Transit	
	Context	Center Context	Context	Context	Maximum
Land Use	All zoning districts not	RB, SNB, CB, CN, R-		D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU,	Parking Allowed
	listed in another	MU-35,	D-2, MU, TSA-T,	TSA-C, UI,	
	context area	R-MU-45, SR-3, FB-UN1, FB-SE	CSHBD1. CSHBD2	FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB- SC. R-MU	
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-Th	rough Facilities: See 21	•		3C. IN 1010	
Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing	<b>g/Auction Areas</b> : See 2	1A.44.040A.7		1	
Processing center (indoor)					
Recycling					
Sign painting/ fabrication					
Studio, motion picture					
Welding shop					
Winery					
Woodworking mill	1				
Collection station					
Concrete and/or asphalt					
manufacturing					
Extractive industry	No Minimum				
Manufacturing, concrete or asphalt					
Refinery, petroleum products					
Storage and Warehousir	na .				
Air cargo terminals and					
package delivery facility	_				
Building materials distribution					
Flammable liquids or gases,	1				
heating fuel distribution and					
storage	1 space per 1,000	sq. ft. , plus 1 space p	er fleet vehicle		
Package delivery facility		nerally stored on-site			No Maximum
Warehouse					
Warehouse, accessory to retail					
and wholesale business (maximum 5,000 square foot					
floor plate)					
Wholesale distribution	1				
	2 cpasses no 1 000	a ft of office	2 spaces per	1	All Contexts: 1
Storage, self	2 spaces per 1,000 s plus 1 space per 1		1,000 sq. ft. of		space for every 15
	plas i space per		office	-	storage units
Contractor's yard/office	2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of office area				All Contexts: 3 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of office area
Rock, sand and gravel storage				•	,
and distribution	4	No Mini	mum		No Maximum
Storage (outdoor)					

Table 21A.44.040-A	: Minimum and	Maximum O	ff Street Par	king		
DU = dwelling unit sq. ft	. = square feet					
		Minimum Parking	g Requirement			
	General Context	Neighborhood Center Context	Urban Center Context	Transit Context	Maximum	
Land Use	All zoning districts not listed in another context area	RB, SNB, CB, CN, R- MU-35, R-MU-45, SR-3, FB-UN1, FB-SE	D-2, MU, TSA-T, CSHBD1. CSHBD2	D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU, TSA-C, UI, FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB- SC. R-MU	Parking Allowed	
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-Th Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing	=					
Storage and display  (outdoor)	Auction Aleas. See 2	TA.44.040A.7				
Storage, public (outdoor)						
Public and Semi-	Public Utility	Uses				
Utility: Building or structure						
Antenna, communication	1					
tower	_					
Antenna, communication						
tower, exceeding the						
maximum building height in						
the zone						
Large wind energy system	-					
Solar array		No Mini	mum		No Maximum	
Utility: Electric generation						
facility	_					
Utility: Sewage treatment plant						
Utility: Solid waste transfer	_					
station						
Utility: Transmission wire, line,	-					
pipe or pole						
Wireless telecommunications						
facility						
Accessory Uses						
Accessory Dwelling Unit		See Section 21	A.40.200: Accessory	Dwelling Units		
Accessory guest and servant's						
quarter	4	1 space per DU			All Contexts: 4	
Living quarter for caretaker or				No Minimum	spaces per DU	
security guard Retail, sales and service			1	No Minimum	Transit and Urban	
accessory use when located	2 spaces per 1,000			Center Contexts: 2		
within a principal building	2 spaces	2 spaces per 1,000 1,000				
a popa. aananig			1	1	spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.	
Retail, sales and service					Neighborhood	
accessory use when located					Center: 3 spaces	
within a principal building and		No Mini	mum		per 1,000 sq. ft.	
operated primarily for the	General Contex				Compared Contract	
convenience of employees					General Context: 4 spaces per 1,000	
					spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.	

21A.44.040 Required Off Street Parking

B Electric Vehicle Parking

Table 21A.44.040-A: Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking							
DU = dwelling unit sq. ft	. = square feet						
		Minimum Parking	g Requirement				
	General	Neighborhood	<b>Urban Center</b>	Transit			
1 111	Context	Center Context	Context	Context	Maximum		
Land Use	All zoning districts not listed in another context area	RB, SNB, CB, CN, R- MU-35, R-MU-45, SR-3, FB-UN1, FB-SE	D-2, MU, TSA-T, CSHBD1. CSHBD2	D-1, D-3 D-4, G-MU, TSA-C, UI, FB-UN2, FB-UN3, FB- SC. R-MU	Parking Allowed		
Vehicle Stacking and Drive-The Outdoor Sales/Display/Leasing	_						
Warehouse, accessory	0.5 spaces per 1,	000 sq. ft. of warehou	se/wholesale	No Minimum			
Accessory use, except those that are otherwise specifically regulated elsewhere in this title		No Ma					
Heliport, accessory		No Minimum					
Reverse vending machine							
Storage, accessory (outdoor)							
<b>Temporary Uses</b>							
Mobile food business (operation in public right-of- way)							
Mobile food business (operation on private property)	No minimum, unless required by temporary use permit or as determined by the Zoning Administrator  No Maximum						
Mobile food court							
Vending cart, private property							
Vending cart, public property							
Farm stand, seasonal							
Table Notes							

#### **Table Notes:**

- A. Facilities that are (a) occupied by persons who's right to live together is protected by the federal Fair Housing Act, and that (b) occupy a building originally constructed for another residential use shall have the same parking requirements as the residential use for which the building was constructed.
- B. Parking requirements to be determined by Transportation Director based on considerations of factors such as estimated facility use, vehicle traffic to the facility, transit use to the facility, potential traffic congestion, and likelihood of overflow parking in surrounding neighborhoods.

# **B.** Electric Vehicle Parking

Each multi-family use shall provide a minimum of one (1) parking space dedicated to electric vehicles for every twenty five (25) parking spaces provided on-site. Electric vehicle parking spaces shall count toward the minimum required number of parking spaces. The electric vehicle parking space shall be:

- 1. Located in the same lot as the principal use;
- 2. Located as close to a primary entrance of the principal building as possible;
- **3.** Signed in a clear and conspicuous manner, such as special pavement marking or signage, indicating exclusive availability to electric vehicles; and

21A.44.040 Required Off Street Parking
C Accessible Parking

**4.** Outfitted with a standard electric vehicle charging station.

# C. Accessible Parking

- **1.** The number and design of accessible (ADA) parking spaces shall be pursuant to the standards provided in the Salt Lake City Off-Street Parking Standards Manual.
- **2.** Parking areas with four (4) or fewer vehicle parking spaces are not required to identify an accessible parking space; however, if parking is provided, a minimum of one (1) parking space shall comply with the ADA standard dimensions.
- **3.** The number of required accessible spaces shall be based on the total number of vehicle spaces provided to serve the principal uses, as shown below in *Table 21A.44.040-B: Accessible Parking Required*

Table 21A.44.040-B: Accessible Parking Required				
Off Street Parking Spaces Provided	Minimum Required Accessible Spaces			
1 to 100	1 per 25 parking spaces			
101 to 500	1 per 50 parking spaces			
501 to 1,000	2 percent of total number of parking spaces			
1,001 and more	20, plus 1 for each 100 parking spaces over 1,000			

# D. Bicycle Parking

# 1. Applicability

The following regulations apply to all uses except for single-family, two-family, and twin home residential uses and nonresidential uses having less than one thousand square feet (1,000 sq. ft.) of usable floor area.

# 2. Calculation of Mimimum Required Bicycle Parking Spaces<sup>31</sup>

The number of required bicycle spaces shall be based on the use within the defined parking contexts as shown in *Table 21A.44.040-C: Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements*, unless another City standard requires a different number of bicycle parking spaces for a specific use, in which case the use-specific bicycle parking standard shall apply.

Table 21A.44.040-C: Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements*  (Calculation of Bicyle Parking Spaces to be Provided per Residential Unit or Based on Usable Floor Area)				
	General Context	Neighborhood Center Context	Urban Center Context	Transit Context
Use	All zoning districts not listed in another context area	RB, SNB, CB, CN, CSHBD2, R-MU-35, R-MU-45, SR-3, FB-UN1, FB-SE	D-2, D-3, MU, TSA-T, CSHBD1	D-1, D-4, G-MU, TSA-C, UI, FB-UN2, FB-SC, R-MU
Residential Uses	1 per 5 units	1 per 4 units	1 per 3 units	1 per 2 units

21A.44.050 Alternatives to Minimum and Maximum Parking Calculations
A Limitations on Adjustments to Minimum Required Parking

# Table 21A.44.040-C: Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements\*

(Calculation of Bicyle Parking Spaces to be Provided per Residential Unit or Based on Usable Floor Area)

	<i>,</i>			
	General Context	Neighborhood Center Context	Urban Center Context	Transit Context
Use	All zoning districts not listed in another context area	RB, SNB, CB, CN, CSHBD2, R-MU-35, R-MU-45, SR-3, FB-UN1, FB-SE	D-2, D-3, MU, TSA-T, CSHBD1	D-1, D-4, G-MU, TSA-C, UI, FB-UN2, FB-SC, R-MU
Public, Institutional, and Civic Uses	1 per 10,000 sq. ft.	1 per 5,000 sq. ft.	1 per 5,000 sq. ft.	1 per 3,000 sq. ft.
Commercial Uses	1 per 20,000 sq. ft.	1 per 5,000 sq. ft	1 per 4,000 sq. ft.	1 per 2,000 sq. ft.
Industrial Uses	No requirement	No requirement	No requirement	No Requirement

<sup>\*</sup>For all uses: In determining the minimum number of bicycle parking spaces required, fractional spaces are rounded to the nearest whole number, with one-half counted as an additional space

# 3. Building Expansions or Changes of Use

Building expansions or changes of use that require additional vehicle parking spaces pursuant to section 21A.44.020 and section 21A.44.040 shall provide additional bicycle parking spaces based on the calculations in *Table 21A.44.040-C: Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements* for the entire use.

# 4. Secure/Enclosed Bicycle Parking

Each one (1) bicycle parking space that is within a secure/enclosed bicycle parking facility may be used to satisfy the requirement of two (2) required bicycle parking spaces.

#### 5. Existing Public Bicycle Parking Facilities

Permanent public bicycle racks or bike corrals located within fifty feet (50') of the primary entrance to the principal building may be used to satisfy up to two (2) required bicycle parking spaces.

#### 6. Accessory and Temporary Uses

No bicycle parking spaces are required for accessory or temporary uses.

# 21A.44.050 Alternatives to Minimum and Maximum Parking Calculations

The amount of off street vehicle parking required pursuant to Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking*, may be adjusted by the factors listed in this section. These adjustments may be applied as part of the calculation of parking requirements and do not require discretionary approval by the City.

# A. Limitations on Adjustments to Minimum Required Parking

The adjustments listed in sections 21A.44.050B.B through 21A.44.050F.H may be used in any combination, but shall not be combined to reduce the minimum required parking established in Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking* by more than forty percent (40%).

21A.44.050 Alternatives to Minimum and Maximum Parking Calculations

B Shared Parking

# **B.** Shared Parking

## 1. Shared Parking for Two or More Uses

- a. Where two (2) or more uses listed in Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off*Street Parking share a parking garage or parking lot that is located on one of the properties that is sharing parking, or is located within the maximum permitted distance of all of the properties sharing parking shown in Table 21A.44.060-B: *Maximum Distances for Off-Site*Parking, the total minimum off street parking requirement for those uses may be reduced by the factors shown in Table 21A.44.050-A: Shared Parking Reduction Factors.
- b. The minimum number of off street parking spaces shall be the sum of the parking requirements for the uses divided by the factor shown in Table 21A.44.050-A: *Shared Parking Reduction Factors* for that combination of uses.

**Example:** If a 5,000 square foot art gallery shared a parking lot with a 5,000 square foot retail goods establishment, and a 100 unit multi-family residential use in the Urban Center Context, the minimum off street parking required would be calculated as follows:



```
    Use 1: Art Gallery

            0.5 per 1,000 sq. ft. x (5,000 sq. ft.) = 3 parking spaces

    Use 2: Retail Goods Establishment

            1 per 1,000 sq. ft. x (5,000 sq. ft.) = 5 parking spaces

    Use 3: Multi-Family Residential

            0 per studio unit x (20 studio units) = 0 parking spaces
            0.5 per 1 bedroom unit x (36 1 bedroom units) = 18 parking spaces
            1 per 2+ bedroom units x (44 2+ bedroom units) = 44 parking spaces
            0+18+44 = 62 parking spaces

    Sum of two largest minimum parking requirements:

            5 (retail goods establishment) + 62 (multi-family) = 67 parking spaces

    Reduction Factor (two largest minimums):

            67 ÷ 1.2 reduction factor = 55.8 or 56 parking spaces
```

Table 21A.44.050-A: Sha	Table 21A.44.050-A: Shared Parking Reduction Factors					
Property Use	Multi-Family Residential	Public, Institutional, or Civic	Food and Beverage, Recreation and Entertainment, or Lodging	Retail Sales	Other Non- Residential	
Multi-Family Residential [1]						
Public, Institutional and Civic	1.1					

56 (retail & multi-family) + 3 (art gallery) = **59 parking spaces required** 

Add Remaining Minimum(s):

21A.44.050 Alternatives to Minimum and Maximum Parking Calculations
C Proximity to Fixed-Rail Transit

Food and Beverage, Recreation and Entertainment, or Lodging	1.1	1.2			
Retail Sales	1.2	1.3	1.3		
Other Non-Residential	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.2	

<sup>[1]</sup> Applies to multi-family residential, assisted living facility (large), group home (large), and residential support (large) uses

#### 2. Documentation Required

- a. The owners of record involved in the joint use of shared parking shall submit written documentation of the continued availability of the shared parking arrangement to the Transportation Director for review.
- b. The Director shall approve the shared parking arrangement if the Director determines that the documentation demonstrates the continued availability of the shared parking facility for a reasonable period of time. No zoning or use approval shall be issued until the Director has approved the shared parking documentation.
- c. If the shared parking arrangement is later terminated or modified and the Director determines that the termination or modification has resulted in traffic congestion, overflow parking in residential neighborhoods, or threats to pedestrian, bicycle, or vehicle safety, the property owners involved in the shared parking arrangement may be held in violation of this chapter.

# C. Proximity to Fixed-Rail Transit

Required parking for a development located within one-quarter mile (when measured radially in a straight line from the subject property line) of a fixed-rail transit station platform in the General Context, Neighborhood Center Context, and Urban Center Context areas may be reduced by up to twenty-five percent (25%). This shall not apply to single or two-family uses including: single-family (attached or detached), twin homes, or two-family.

# D. Affordable and Senior Housing (Multi-family Structures)

The minimum number of required off street parking spaces for multi-family residential developments with at least ten (10) dwelling units may be reduced by twenty-five percent (25%) if the multi-family development has:

- **1.** A minimum of twenty-five percent (25%) of the dwelling units are restricted to residents with no greater than sixty percent (60%) area median income (AMI) for leased units; or
- **2.** A minimum of thirty-five percent (35%) of the dwelling units are restricted to residents with no greater than eighty percent (80%) AMI for sale units; or
- **3.** A minimum of seventy-five percent (75%) of the dwelling units are restricted to persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older.

For a development that meets any of the scenarios above, an additional reduction of up to fifteen percent (15%) may be allowed when the development is located within one-quarter mile (when measured radially in a straight line from the subject property line) of a bus stop that is serviced by the same route at least every fifteen (15) minutes during daytime hours, Monday - Saturday.

21A.44.050 Alternatives to Minimum and Maximum Parking Calculations

E Car Pool and Carshare Parking

# E. Car Pool and Carshare Parking

- 1. For parking lots with one hundred (100) or more parking spaces, each off street parking space designated and signed for the exclusive use of a shared car pool vehicle shall count as three (3) spaces toward the satisfaction of minimum off street vehicle parking requirements.
- 2. For parking lots with one hundred (100) or more parking spaces, each off street parking space designated and signed for the exclusive use of a shared vanpool vehicle shall count as seven (7) spaces toward the satisfaction of minimum off street vehicle parking requirements.
- **3.** For parking lots of any size, each off street parking space designated and signed for the exclusive use of a carshare vehicle shall count as four (4) spaces toward the satisfaction of minimum off street vehicle parking requirements.

# F. Valet Parking Services

Modifications to minimum on site parking spaces may occur on a one-to-one basis if off site valet parking is provided and:

- **1.** The design of the valet parking does not cause customers who do not use the valet services to park off the premises or cause queuing in the right-of-way;
- **2.** The availability of valet parking service is clearly posted outside the establishment and near the main entrance; and
- **3.** The applicant provides adequate written assurances for the continued operation of the valet parking, and a written agreement to notify future owners and tenants of the property of the duty to continue to provide off-site valet parking.

# **G.** Parking Study Demonstrating Different Parking Needs

- **1.** The Transportation Director, in consultation with the Planning Director, may authorize a change in the amount of off street parking spaces. The authorization shall be based on the applicant submitting a parking study that demonstrates a different off street parking demand for the proposed development, use, or combination of uses than calculated from Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street Parking*, and subject to the overall limits on parking adjustments in Section 21A.44.050.A above.
- 2. The Directors shall determine whether the information and assumptions used in the study are reasonable and whether the study accurately reflects anticipated off street parking demand for the proposed development, use, or combination of uses.
- **3.** Considerations for an alternative parking requirement (parking provided below the minimum required or exceeding the maximum allowed) shall be granted only if the following findings are determined:

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- a. That the proposed parking plan will satisfy the anticipated parking demand for the use;
- b. That the proposed parking plan will be at least as effective in maintaining traffic circulation patterns, reducing the visibility of parking areas and facilities as would strict compliance with the otherwise applicable off street parking standards;
- c. That the proposed parking plan does not have a materially adverse impact on adjacent or neighboring properties;
- d. That the proposed parking plan includes mitigation strategies for any potential impact on adjacent or neighboring properties; and
- e. That the proposed alternative parking plan is consistent with applicable City plans and policies.

# 21A.44.060 Parking Location and Design

All required parking areas shall be located and designed in accordance with the standards in this Chapter 21A.44: Off Street Parking, Mobility, and Loading and the standards in the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual. Modifications to the standards of this section 21A.44.060 may be granted through the design review process, subject to conformance with the standards and procedures of Chapter 21A.59: Design Review.

# A. Generally

# 1. Parking Located on Same Lot as Use or Building Served

All parking spaces required to serve buildings or uses erected or established after the effective date of this ordinance shall be located on the same lot as the building or use served, unless otherwise allowed pursuant to section 21A.44.060A.4 Off-Site Parking Permitted.

#### 2. Biodetention and Landscape Islands in General and Neighborhood Center Contexts

For parking lots with one hundred (100) or more parking spaces in the General Context and Neighborhood Center Context areas, parking lot islands or biodetention areas shall be provided on the interior of the parking lot to help direct traffic flow and to provide landscaped areas within such lots.

#### 3. Parking Location and Setbacks

All parking shall comply with the parking restrictions within yards pursuant to Table 21A.44.060-A: Parking Location and Setback Requirements

21A.44.060 Parking Location and Design A Generally

Zoning District	Front	Corner Side	Interior Side	Rear
General Cont	Lot Line	Lot Line	Lot Line	Lot Line
	tricts, RB, RMF, RO)			
FR FR	N Parking in driveways that co	mply with all applicable	6 ft.	
R-1, R-2, SR-1, SR-2	City standards is exempt		0 ft.	
RMF-30	N		0 ft.; or 10 ft. when abutting any 1-2 family residential district	0 ft.
RMF-35, RMF-45, RMF-75, RO	N		; 0 ft.; or 10 ft. when abutting any 1-2 family residential district. Limited to 1 side yard except for single-family attached lots.	0.0
Commercial and M	anufacturing (CC, CS, C	G, M-1, M-2, SNB)		
CC CS	15 ft.		0 ft.; or 7 ft. when abutting any resident district	
CG	10 ft.		0 ft.; or 15 ft. when abutting any residen district	
M-1	15 ft.		0 ft.; or 50 ft. when abutting any residenti	
M-2	15 ft.		district	
Special Purpose Di	stricts			
Α	0 ft.		1	
AG, AG-2, AG-5, AG-20	N		0 ft.	
ВР	N		8 ft.; or 30 ft. when abut distric	t
EI FP	10 ft. 20 ft.	30 ft.	30 ft. 6 ft.	20 ft. 0 ft.
1	20 ft.		0 ft.; or 15 ft. when abut	ting any residential
MH	20 ft.		0 ft.	
OS PL	30 ft.		10 ft. 0 ft.; or 10 ft. when abut	
PL-2	30 ft. 20 ft.		distric	
RP	30 ft.		8 ft.; or 30 ft. when abutting any residential district	
Neighborhoo	d Center Context	t		
CB , CN, CSHBD2, SNB			0 ft.; or 7 ft. when abutt residential o	
R-MU-35, R-MU-45	N		Limited to 1 side yard, 0 ft.; or 10 ft. when abutting any 1-2 family residential district	0 ft.; or 10 ft. whei abutting any 1-2 family residential district

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	60-A: Parking Locad between lot line and front		Requirements	
Zoning District	Front	Corner Side	Interior Side	Rear
	Lot Line	Lot Line	Lot Line	Lot Line
RB, SR-3, FB-UN1, FB-SE	N	I	0 ft.	
<b>Urban Cente</b>	r Context			
D-2	N	I		
D-3	See section 2	1A.44.060.B.1	0 ft.	
MU	N	I	0 ft.; limited to 1 side yard	0 ft.
R-MU	Surface Parking: 30 ft. Parking Garages: 45 ft.		0 ft.; or 10 ft. when abutting any 1-2 family residential district  Surface parking at least 30 ft. from front lot line. Parking garages at least 45 ft. from front lot line	0 ft.; or 10 ft. when abutting any 1-2 family residential district
TSA-T	See section 21	A.44.060B.22	0 ft.	
CSHBD1	N	I	0 ft.; or 7 ft. when abutt distric	<b>J</b> ,
<b>Transit Conte</b>	ext			
D-1	See section 21A.44.060B.11			
D-4	See section Error! Reference source not found.1		0 ft.	
FB-UN2, FB-SC	N		0 ft.	
TSA-C	See section 21A.44.060B.22 See section Error! Reference source not found.1		0 ft.	
G-MU UI	See section <b>Error! Refere</b> 0 ft; Hospi		0 ft.; or 15 ft. when abutting any 1-2 family residential district; Hospitals: 10 ft.	0 ft.; or 15 ft. when abutting any 1-2 family residential district; Hospitals:

## 4. Off-Site Parking Permitted

When allowed as either a permitted or conditional use per Chapter 21A.33 Land Use Tables, offsite parking facilities may be used to satisfy the requirements of this chapter and shall comply with the following standards:

## a. Maximum Distance of Off-Site Parking

Off-site parking shall be located according to the distance established in Table 21A.44.060-B: *Maximum Distances for Off-Site Parking* (measured in a straight line from the property boundary of the principal use for which the parking serves to the closest point of the parking area).

Table 21A.44.060-B: Maximum Distances for Off-Site Parking			
Context Maximum Distance to Off-Site Parking			
Neighborhood Center	600 ft.		
General			

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A Generally

Legal Nonconforming Use in Residential District	
Urban Center	1,200 ft.
Transit	1,000 ft.

# b. Documentation Required

- (1) The owners of record involved in an off-site parking arrangement shall submit written documentation of the continued availability of the off-site parking arrangement to the Planning Director for review.
- (2) The Planning Director shall approve the off-site parking arrangement if the Director determines the location meets the standards of this section. No zoning or use approval shall be issued until the Director has approved the off-site parking arrangement and the documentation has been recorded in the office of the Salt Lake County Recorder.
- (3) If the off-site parking arrangement is later terminated or modified and the Planning Director determines that the termination or modification has resulted in traffic congestion, overflow parking in residential neighborhoods, or threats to pedestrian, bicycle, or vehicle safety, the property owners of the uses for which the off-site parking was provided may be held in violation of this chapter.

# 5. Circulation Plan Required

Any application for a building permit shall include a site plan, drawn to scale, and fully dimensioned, showing any off street parking or loading facilities to be provided in compliance with this title. A tabulation of the number of off street vehicle and bicycle parking, loading, and stacking spaces required by this chapter shall appear in a conspicuous place on the plan.

#### 6. Driveways and Access

#### a. Compliance with Other Adopted Regulations

- (1) Parking lots shall be designed in compliance with applicable City codes, ordinances, and standards, including but not limited to title 12 of the City Code: Vehicles and Traffic and the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual to the maximum degree practicable, with respect to:
  - (a) Minimum distances between curb cuts;
  - (b) Proximity of curb cuts to intersections;
  - (c) Provisions for shared driveways;
  - (d) Location, quantity and design of landscaped islands; and
  - (e) Design of parking lot interior circulation system.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of 21A.44.060A.6.a(1) above, relocation of a driveway for a single-family, two-family, or twin home residence in any zoning district shall only be required when the residence is replaced, and shall not be required when the residence is expanded or renovated in compliance with the City code.

#### b. Access Standards

Access to all parking facilities shall comply with the following standards:

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A Generally

- (1) To the maximum extent practicable, all off street parking facilities shall be designed with vehicular access to a street or alley that will least interfere with automobile, bicycle, and pedestrian traffic movement.
- (2) Parking facilities in excess of five (5) spaces that access a public street shall be designed to allow vehicles to enter and exit the lot in a forward direction.
- (3) Parking facilities on lots with less than one hundred feet (100') of street frontage shall have only one (1) curb cut, and lots with one hundred feet (100') of street frontage or more shall be limited to two (2) curb cuts, unless the Transportation Director determines that additional curb cuts are necessary to ensure pedestrian, bicycle, and vehicle safety or to comply with the fire code. Public safety uses shall be exempt from limitations on curb cuts.
- (4) All vehicular access roads/driveways shall be surfaced as required in accordance with section *21A.44.060.A.8 Surface Materials*.

## c. **Driveway Standards**

All driveways shall comply with the following standards:

# (1) Driveway Location in Residential Zoning Districts

With the exception of legal shared driveways, driveways shall be at least twenty feet (20') from street corner property lines and five feet (5') from any public utility infrastructure such as power poles, fire hydrants, and water meters. Except for entrance and exit driveways leading to approved parking areas, no curb cuts or driveways are permitted.

#### (2) Driveway Widths

All driveways serving residential uses shall be a minimum eight feet wide and shall comply with the standards for maximum driveway widths listed in Table 21A.44.060-C: *Minimum and Maximum Driveway Width*.

Table 21A.44.060-C: Minimum and Maximum Driveway Width					
Zoning District	Minimum Driveway Width (in front and corner side yard)	Maximum Driveway Width* (in front and corner side yard)			
SR-1, SR-2 and SR-3	8 ft.	22 ft.			
МН	8 ft.	16 ft.			
Other Residential Zoning Districts	8 ft.	30 ft.			
M-1 and M-2	12 ft. single lane and 24 ft. for two-way	50 ft.			
Other Non-Residential Zoning Districts	12 ft. single lane and 24 ft. for two-way	30 ft.			
* Maximum width is for all driveways combined when more than one driveway is provided					

#### (3) Shared Driveways

Shared driveways, where two (2) or more properties share one (1) driveway access, may be permitted if the Transportation Director determines that the design and location of the shared driveway access will not create adverse impacts on traffic congestion or public safety.

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## (4) **Driveway Surface**

All driveways providing access to parking facilities shall be improved and maintained pursuant to the standards in the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual.

## 7. Minimum Dimensional Standards

All parking spaces shall comply with the dimensional standards in the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual.

#### 8. Surface Materials

All parking spaces shall comply with the standards for surfacing of access, driving, and parking surfacing in the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual.

# 9. Grading and Stormwater Management

All surface parking areas shall comply with City grading and stormwater management standards and shall be reviewed for best management practices by Salt Lake City Department of Public Utilities. Refer to the Salt Lake City Stormwater Master Plan, Storm Drainage Manual, and Green Infrastructure Toolbox for additional information.

#### 10. Sight Distance Triangles

All driveways and intersections shall comply with the sight distance triangle standards as defined in the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual.

# 11. Landscaping and Screening

All parking areas and facilities shall comply with the landscaping and screening standards in Chapter 21A.48: *Landscaping and Buffers*.

### 12. Lighting

Where a parking area or parking lot is illuminated, the light source shall be shielded so that the light source is not directly visible from any abutting property or abutting private or public street.

#### 13. Signs

All signs in parking areas or related to parking facilities shall comply with Chapter 21A.46; *Signs*, and applicable provisions of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

#### 14. Pedestrian Walkways

- a. Surface parking lots with between twenty-five (25) and one hundred (100) parking spaces shall provide a pedestrian walkway or sidewalk through the parking lot to the primary entrance of the principal building. Pedestrian walkways shall be identified by a change in color, material, surface texture, or grade elevation from surrounding driving surfaces.
- b. Parking lots with more than one hundred (100) parking spaces shall provide:
  - (1) One (1) or more grade-separated pedestrian walkway(s), at least five feet (5') in width, and located in an area that is not a driving surface, leading from the furthest row of parking spaces to the primary entrance of the principal building.
  - (2) Vehicles shall not overhang the pedestrian walkway(s).

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- (3) Where the walkway(s) crosses a drive aisle, pedestrian walkway(s) shall be identified by a change in color, material, surface texture, or grade elevation from surrounding driving surfaces.
- (4) One (1) pedestrian walkway meeting these standards shall be provided for each one hundred (100) parking spaces provided on site or part thereof, after the first one hundred (100) parking spaces.

# 15. Parking Garages

The following standards shall apply to all above-ground parking garages except those located in the FB zones subject to 21A.27.030.C.4, whether freestanding or incorporated into a building:

- a. Each façade or a parking garage adjacent to a public street or public space shall have an external skin designed to conceal the view of all parked cars. Examples include heavy gauge metal screen, precast concrete panels, live green or landscaped walls, laminated or safety glass, or decorative photovoltaic panels.
- b. No horizontal length of the parking garage façade shall extend longer than 40 feet without the inclusion of architectural elements such as decorative grillwork, louvers, translucent screens, alternating building materials, and other external features to avoid visual monotony. Facade elements shall align with parking levels.
- c. Internal circulation shall allow parking surfaces to be level (without any slope) along each parking garage facade adjacent to a public street or public space. All ramps between levels shall be located along building facades that are not adjacent to a public street or public space, or shall be located internally so that they are not visible from adjacent public streets or public spaces.
- d. The location of elevators and stairs shall be highlighted through the use of architectural features or changes in façade colors, textures, or materials so that visitors can easily identify these entry points.
- e. Interior parking garage lighting shall not produce glaring sources toward adjacent properties while providing safe and adequate lighting levels. The use of sensor dimmable LEDs and white stained ceilings are recommended to control light levels on-site while improving energy efficiency.
- f. In the Urban Center Context and Transit Context areas, the street-level facades of all parking garages shall be designed to meet applicable building code standards for habitable space to allow at least one (1) permitted or conditional use, other than parking, to be located where the parking garage is located.
- g. Vent and fan locations shall not be located on parking garage facades facing public streets or public spaces, or adjacent to residential uses, to the greatest extent practicable.

#### 16. Tandem Parking

Where more than one (1) parking space is required to be provided for a residential dwelling unit, the parking spaces may be designed as tandem parking spaces, provided that:

- a. No more than two (2) required spaces may be included in the tandem parking layout; and
- b. Each set of two (2) tandem parking spaces shall be designated for a specific residential unit.

**21A.44.060 Parking Location and Design B** Zone Specific Location and Design Standards

#### 17. Cross-Access between Adjacent Uses

The Transportation Director may require that access to one or more lots be through shared access points or cross-access through adjacent parcels when the Transportation Director determines that individual access to abutting parcels or limited distance between access points will create traffic safety hazards due to traffic levels on adjacent streets or nearby intersections. Such a determination shall be consistent with requirements of state law regarding property access from public streets. Required cross-access agreements shall be recorded with the Salt Lake County Recorder's Office.

# **B.** Zone Specific Location and Design Standards

# 1. D-1, D-3, D-4, and G-MU Zoning Districts

The following regulations shall apply to surface or above-ground parking facilities. No special design and setback restrictions shall apply to below-ground parking facilities.

#### a. Block Corner Areas

- (1) Within the D-1 zoning district, above-ground parking facilities located within the block corner areas and on Main Street, shall be located behind principal buildings and;
  - All above-ground parking facilities that front a street shall contain uses other than parking along the entire length of the building façade and along all stories or levels of the building.
  - b. Vehicle access to parking shall be located to the side of the building or as far from the street corner as possible unless further restricted by this Title.
- (2) Within the D-3, D-4, or G-MU zoning districts, above-ground parking facilities shall be located behind principal buildings, or at least seventy-five feet (75') from front and corner side lot lines, and shall be landscaped to minimize visual impacts.

#### b. Mid-Block Areas

- (1) Within the D-1 zoning district, above-ground parking facilities shall be located behind the front line of principal buildings or shall be located at least seventy-five feet (75') from front and corner side lot lines;
  - a. Parking lots proposed as a principal use to facilitate a building demolition are prohibited.
- (2) Within the D-3, D-4, or G-MU zoning districts, parking facilities shall be located behind principal buildings, or at least thirty feet (30') from front and corner side lot lines.
- (3) Parking garages shall meet the following:
  - a. Retail goods/service establishments, offices and/or restaurants shall be provided on the first floor adjacent to the front or corner side lot line. The

**21A.44.060 Parking Location and Design B** Zone Specific Location and Design Standards

facades of such first floors shall be compatible and consistent with the associated retail or office portion of the building and other retail uses in the area.

b. Levels of parking above the first level facing the front or corner side lot line shall have floors and/or facades that are horizontal, not sloped.

## c. Landscape Requirements

Surface parking lots, where allowed shall have a minimum landscaped setback of fifteen feet (15') and shall meet interior parking lot landscaping requirements as outlined in Chapter 21A.48: *Landscaping and Buffers*.

## 2. TSA Zoning District

New uses and development or redevelopment within the TSA zoning district shall comply with the following standards.

# a. Surface Parking on Corner Properties

On corner properties, surface parking lots shall be located behind principal buildings or at least sixty feet (60') from the intersection of the front and corner side lot lines.

# b. Surface Parking in the Core Area

Surface parking lots in the core area are required to be located behind or to the side of the principal building.

# (1) When located to the side of a building, the parking lot shall be:

- (a) Set back a minimum of thirty feet (30') from a property line adjacent to a public street. The area between the parking lot and the property line adjacent to a public street shall be landscaped or activated with outdoor dining, plazas, or similar features;
- (b) Screened with a landscaped hedge or wall that is at least thirty-six inches (36") above grade and no taller than forty-two inches (42") above grade. Landscaping berms are not permitted; and
- (c) No wider than what is required for two (2) rows of parking and one (1) drive aisle as provided in the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual.
- (2) Unless a second driveway is necessary to comply with the fire code, a maximum of one (1) driveway and drive aisle shall be permitted per street frontage. The access point shall be located a minimum of one hundred feet (100') from the intersection of the front and corner side lot lines. If the front or corner side lot line is less than one hundred feet (100') in length, then the edge of the drive approach shall be located within twenty feet (20') of the side or rear property line.

### c. Surface Parking In the Transition Area

(1) Surface parking lots in the transition area are required to be located behind the principal building or to the side of a principal building.

#### (2) When located to the side of a principal building, the parking lot shall be:

(a) Set back so that no portion of the parking area (other than the driveway) shall be closer to the street than the front wall setback of the building. In cases where the front wall of the building is located within five feet (5') of a property line adjacent

21A.44.060 Parking Location and Design
C Recreational Vehicle Parking

- to a street, the parking lot shall be set back a minimum of eight feet (8'). The space between the parking lot and the property line adjacent to a street shall be landscaped or activated with outdoor dining, plazas, or similar features; and
- (b) Screened with a landscaped hedge or wall that is at least thirty-six inches (36") above grade and no taller than forty-two inches (42") above grade. Landscaped berms are not permitted.

# C. Recreational Vehicle Parking

# 1. Generally

- a. Recreational vehicle parking spaces shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, required off street vehicle parking spaces.
- b. Recreational vehicles shall not be used for storage of goods, materials, or equipment other than those that are customarily associated with the recreational vehicle.
- c. All recreational vehicles shall be stored in a safe and secure manner. Any tie downs, tarpaulins, or ropes shall be secured from flapping in windy conditions.
- d. Recreational vehicles shall not be occupied as a dwelling while parked on the property.
- e. Recreational vehicle parking is permitted in any enclosed structure conforming to building code and zoning requirements for the zoning district in which it is located.
- f. Recreational vehicle parking outside of an approved enclosed structure shall be permitted for each residence and shall be limited to one motor home or travel trailer and a total of two (2) recreational vehicles of any type.
- g. Recreational vehicle parking outside of an enclosed structure shall comply with the standards in this section.

#### 2. Front Yard Parking

Recreational vehicle parking is prohibited in any required or provided front yard.

# 3. Rear Yard Parking

Recreational vehicles may be parked in the rear yard when they are on a hard surfaced pad compliant with surfacing standards in the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual and with access provided by either a hard surfaced driveway, hard surfaced drive strips or an access drive constructed of turf block materials with an irrigation system.

## 4. Side Yard Parking

Recreational vehicle parking in side yards shall be allowed only when topographical factors, the existence of mature trees, or the existence of properly permitted and constructed structures prohibit access to the rear yard. The existence of a fence or other structure that is not part of a building shall not constitute a lack of rear yard access. Any recreational vehicle parking area in a side yard shall:

- a. Be on a hard surface compliant with the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual;
- b. Be accessed via a driveway compliant with driveway standards of this chapter;
- c. Not obstruct access to other required parking for the use.

**21A.44.070 Off Street Loading Areas A** Number and Size of Loading Areas Required

# 21A.44.070 Off Street Loading Areas

# A. Number and Size of Loading Areas Required

- 1. Unless otherwise specified, a required off street loading berth shall be at least ten feet (10') in width by at least thirty-five feet (35') in length for short berths, and twelve feet (12') in width by at least fifty feet (50') in length for long berths, exclusive of aisle and maneuvering space. Maneuvering aprons of appropriate width and orientation shall be provided and shall be subject to approval by the Transportation Director.
- 2. All loading areas shall have a vertical clearance of at least fourteen feet (14').
- **3.** Off street loading facilities for new developments or for expansion of an existing development shall be provided at the rate specified for a particular use, or if multiple uses, at the rate of the uses combined, in Table 21A.44.070-A: Off Street Loading Requirements. Regardless of the combination of uses, all buildings with a gross floor area over 50,000 square feet shall have a minimum of 1 short berth.

Table 21A.44.070-A: Off Street Loading Requirements							
Use	Gross Floor Area (Square Feet)	Number and Size of Berths					
Hotels, Institutions, and Institutional Living	50,000 - 100,000	1 short					
Troters, institutions, and institutional Living	Each additional 100,000	1 short					
Office/Commercial	50,000 - 100,000	1 short					
Office/Confinercial	Each additional 100,000 up to 500,000	1 short					
D. C. T.	50,000 - 100,000	1 long					
Retail	Each additional 100,000	1 long					
	25,001 - 50,000	1 long					
Industrial	50,001 - 100,000	2 long					
	Each additional 100,000	1 long					
	# of Dwelling Units	Number and Size of					
	(Per Building)	Berths					
Multi- Family Residential <sup>86</sup>	40-150	1 short					
Wulti- Lamily Nesidential	151-300	2 short					
	Greater than 300	1 additional short per 200 units					

# **B.** Location and Design of Loading Areas

- 1. All required loading berths shall be located on the same development site as the use(s) served.
- 2. No loading berth shall be located within thirty feet (30') of the nearest point of intersection of any two (2) streets.
- 3. No loading berth shall be located in a required front yard.
- **4.** Each required loading berth shall be located and designed to:

21A.44.080 Drive-Through Facilities and Vehicle Stacking Areas
A Number of Stacking Spaces Required

- a. Allow all required vehicle maneuvering and backing movements on-site;
- b. Minimize conflicts with pedestrian, bicycle, and traffic movement or encroachments into any pedestrian walkway, bicycle lane, public right-of-way, and fire lane; and
- c. Avoid the need to back into a public street while leaving the site to the maximum extent practicable, as determined by the Planning Director and the Transportation Director.
- **5.** Landscaping and screening of all loading berths shall be provided to comply with the requirements of Chapter 21A.48: *Landscaping and Buffers*.
- **6.** Where a loading berth is illuminated, the light source shall be shielded so that the light source is not directly visible from any abutting property or abutting private or public street.
- **7.** All signs in loading areas shall comply with Chapter 21A.46: *Signs*, and applicable provisions of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.
- **8.** All required loading berths shall comply with the surfacing standards of the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual.

# 21A.44.080 Drive-Through Facilities and Vehicle Stacking Areas

# A. Number of Stacking Spaces Required

The following standards apply for all uses with vehicle stacking and/or drive-through facilities.

**1.** All uses with drive-through facilities shall provide the minimum number of on-site stacking spaces indicated in Table 21A.44.080-A: *Required Vehicle Stacking Spaces*.

Table 21A.44.080-A: Required Vehicle Stacking Spaces							
Use	General Context	Neighborhood Center Context	Urban Center Context	Transit Context			
	All zoning districts not listed in another context area	RB, SNB, CB, CN, CSHBD2, R-MU-35, R-MU-45, SR-3, FB-UN1, FB-SE	D-2, D-3, MU, R- MU, TSA-T, CSHBD1	D-1, D-4, G-MU, TSA-C, UI, FB-UN2, FB-SC			
Car Wash, Self-Service	3 spaces per bay or stall		2 spaces per bay or stall				
Car Wash, Automated	4 spaces per lane or stall		3 spaces per lane or stall				
Food and Beverage Service Uses	5 spaces per service lane		4 spaces per service lane				
Other Uses	3 spaces per service lane		3 spaces per service lane				

# **B.** Location and Design of Drive-Through Facilities

- 1. In zoning districts where uses with drive-through facilities are allowed and where no front or corner side yard setback is required, the drive-through lanes shall not be located between the front or corner side lot line and any walls of the principal building.
- **2.** Drive-through lanes shall be arranged to avoid conflicts with site access points, access to parking or loading spaces, and internal circulation routes, to the maximum extent practicable.

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- **3.** In the General Context zoning districts, a by-pass lane, driveway, or other circulation area around a drive-through facility stacking lane shall be provided for all uses other than automated car washes. financial institutions and restaurant/retail uses.
- **4.** All required stacking spaces shall measure nine (9) feet by twenty (20) feet and shall be counted from the point of service, or final service window.
- 5. Air quality: Drive through facilities shall post idle-free signs pursuant to Chapter 12.58 of the city code.
- **6.** When a drive through use adjoins any residential use or any residential zoning district, a minimum six foot (6') high masonry wall shall be erected and maintained along such property line.
- **7.** Drive through facility will not result in adverse impacts upon the vicinity after giving consideration to the hours of operation, noise and light generation, traffic circulation, and the site plan.

# 21A.44.090 Modifications to Parking Areas

Applicants requesting development permits or approvals may request adjustments to the standards and requirements in this Chapter 21A.44: Off Street Parking, Mobility, and Loading, and the City may approve adjustments to those standards, as described below.

#### A. Administrative Modifications

The Planning Director or Transportation Director may approve the following types of modifications without requiring approval of a Special Exception, provided that the Director determines that the adjustment will not create adverse impacts on pedestrian, bicycle, or vehicle safety and that the adjustment is required to accommodate an unusual site feature (such as shape, topography, utilities, or access point constraints) and that the need for the adjustment has not been created by the actions of the applicant.

- Modification to dimensions or geometries of parking, loading, or stacking space, aisles, or maneuvering areas otherwise required by this chapter, other City regulations, or the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual; provided that those modifications are consistent with federal and state laws regarding persons with disabilities, including but not limited to the Americans with Disabilities Act.
- 2. Modifications to bicycle parking or loading berth location or design standards.

# **B.** Special Exceptions

The following types of exceptions may be approved through the Special Exception process in section 21A.52.040, provided that the application meets the criteria for approval of a Special Exception in section 21A.52.060 in addition to the standards provided in this section.

## 1. Exceptions Permitted

#### a. Front Yard Parking Exception

For any zoning district, if front yard parking is prohibited in Table 21A.44.060-A: *Parking Location and Setback Requirements*, it may be allowed if all of the following conditions are met:

21A.44.100 Use and Maintenance
A Use of Parking Areas

- (1) The rear or side yards cannot be reasonably accessed by vehicles, specifically;
  - (a) Clearance for a driveway could not be provided in the side yard on either side of the building that is free from obstructions that cannot reasonably be avoided, such as utilities, window-wells, a specimen tree, a direct elevation change of three feet (3') or greater, or retaining walls three feet (3') high or greater; and
  - (b) There is not a right-of-way or alley adjacent to the property with established rights for access, where:
    - a. The travel distance to the property line is less than one hundred feet (100') from an improved street and the right-of-way or alley has at least a minimum twelve foot (12') clearance that is, or could be paved; or
    - b. The travel distance to the property line is more than one hundred feet (100') from an improved street and the right-of-way or alley has an existing minimum twelve foot (12') wide paved surface.
- (2) It is not feasible to build an attached garage that conforms to yard area and setback requirements;
- (3) Parking is limited to an area that is surfaced in compliance with the Off-Street Parking Standards Manual;
- (4) The parking area is limited to nine feet (9') wide by twenty feet (20') deep;
- (5) Vehicles using the parking area will not project across any sidewalk or into the public right-of-way; and
- (6) Parking is restricted to passenger vehicles only.

#### b. Vehicle and Equipment Storage Surfacing Exception

Vehicle and equipment storage without hard surfacing may be permitted in the CG, M-1, M-2 and El zoning districts provided that:

- (1) The lot is used for long-term vehicle storage, not for regular parking and/or maneuvering;
- (2) The vehicles or equipment stored are large and/or are built on tracks that could destroy normal hard surfacing;
- (3) The parking surface is compacted with six inches (6") of road base and other semihard material with long lasting dust control chemical applied annually;
- (4) A hard-surfaced cleaning station is installed to prevent tracking of mud and sand onto the public right-of-way; and
- (5) Any vehicles or equipment that contain oil are stored with pans, drains, or other means to ensure that any leaking oil will not enter the soil.

# 21A.44.100 Use and Maintenance

## A. Use of Parking Areas

**1.** Except as otherwise provided in this section, required off street parking facilities provided for uses listed in Table 21A.44.040-A: *Minimum and Maximum Off Street* Parking shall be solely for the parking of automobiles or authorized temporary uses.

21A.44.110 Nonconforming Parking and Loading Facilities

B Maintenance

#### **B.** Maintenance

- **1.** Space allocated to any off street loading berth or related access or maneuvering area shall not be used to satisfy the parking space requirements for any off street parking.
- **2.** Except in the M-1, M-2, CG, and D districts, no cleaning or maintenance of loading areas using motorized equipment may be performed between ten o'clock (10:00) P.M. and seven o'clock (7:00) A.M. each day, except for snow removal.

# 21A.44.110 Nonconforming Parking and Loading Facilities

Nonconforming parking and loading facilities shall be subject to the standards established in Chapter 21A.38: *Nonconforming Uses and Noncomplying Structures*, and the criteria established in this section.

# A. Continuation of Nonconforming Parking and Loading Facilities

Any parking spaces, loading facilities, or access to public rights-of-way that were lawfully existing or created prior to the effective date of this Ordinance, but that have since become nonconforming with the provisions of this chapter through the actions of the City or any governmental entity, shall be allowed to continue, but any expansion of the use or structure, or change of use, after the adoption date of this Ordinance shall comply with the provisions of this Chapter 21A.44: *Off Street Parking, Mobility, and Loading.* 

# **B.** Nonconformity Due to Governmental Acquisition

Where a lot, tract, or parcel is occupied by a lawful structure or use, and where the acquisition of right-of-way by eminent domain, dedication, or purchase by a City, county, state, or federal agency creates noncompliance of the parking, loading, or drive-through facilities with any requirement of this chapter, the parking, loading, or drive-through facility shall be deemed lawful and conforming. This designation shall apply only to noncompliance resulting directly from the acquisition of right-of-way.

# C. Damage or Destruction

Reconstruction, reestablishment, or repair of any nonconforming parking, loading, or drive-through area involuntarily damaged or destroyed by fire, collapse, explosion or other natural cause is not required to comply with the standards of this chapter. The parking and loading facilities may be restored or continued as they existed prior to the damage or destruction, or in a manner that reduces any nonconformity that existed prior to the damage or destruction.

# D. Legalization of Garages Converted to Residential Use

Garages attached to single-family and two-family residential structures converted to residential uses before April 12, 1995, and any associated front yard parking, may be legalized by complying with the following requirements:

1. The property owner shall obtain a building permit for all building modifications associated with converting the garage to residential use and the City shall inspect the conversion for substantial compliance with adopted life safety regulations.

**21A.44.110 Nonconforming Parking and Loading Facilities D** Legalization of Garages Converted to Residential Use

- **2.** The driveway leading to the converted garage shall not be removed without replacing the same number of parking spaces (up to the minimum required by this chapter) in a location authorized by this chapter.
- **3.** Parking on the driveway in the front yard is restricted to passenger vehicles only.

#### **AUTOMOBILE**

A self-propelled vehicle with wheels that can legally operate within a public right-of-way. The term includes but is not limited to passenger cars, light trucks, and recreational vehicles.

#### **BIODETENTION**

A low impact development term also sometimes called a rain garden, biofilter or porous landscape detention that achieves on-site retention of stormwater through the use of vegetated depressions engineered to collect, store, and facilitate runoff infiltration.

#### **CAR POOL**

A group of two or more commuters, including the driver, who share the ride to and from work or other destination on a regularly scheduled basis.

## CARSHARE<sup>129</sup>

A membership-based model of car use where people rent or borrow cars for short periods of time, often by the hour. Vehicles may be made available through private individuals, a property owner/manager, or commercial companies, but are managed through a facilitator.

#### **CHANGE OF USE**

The replacement of an existing use by a new use, or a change in the nature of an existing. A change of ownership, tenancy, name or management, or a change in product or service within the same use classification where the previous nature of the use, line of business, or other function is substantially unchanged is not a change of use. The conversion of existing residential units to condominiums is not a change of use.

#### **COMMERCIAL VEHICLE**

A vehicle <u>associated with a business</u> that exceeds one (1) ton capacity. This includes but is not limited to buses, dump trucks, stake body trucks, step vans, tow trucks and tractor trailers. Taxis and limousines shall also be considered commercial vehicles.

#### **DESIGN CAPACITY**

The maximum occupancy of a building or structure based on the Fire and/or Building Code, whichever allows occupancy by a larger group of people.

#### **DEVELOPMENT**

- <u>A.</u> The carrying out of any building activity, the making of any material change in the use or appearance of any structure or land, or the dividing of land into parcels by any person. The following activities or uses shall be taken for the purposes of these regulations to involve "development":
  - <u>1.</u> The construction of any principal building or structure;
  - 2. Increase in the intensity of use of land, such as an increase in the number of dwelling units or an increase in nonresidential use intensity that requires additional parking;
  - 3. Alteration of a shore or bank of a pond, river, stream, lake or other waterway;
  - <u>4.</u> Commencement of drilling (except to obtain soil samples), the driving of piles, or excavation on a parcel of land;
  - 5. Demolition of a structure;
  - <u>6.</u> Clearing of land as an adjunct of construction, including clearing or removal of vegetation and including any significant disturbance of vegetation or soil manipulation; and

- <u>7.</u> Deposit of refuse, solid or liquid waste, or fill on a parcel of land.
- <u>B.</u> The following operations or uses shall not be taken for the purpose of these regulations to involve "development":
  - 1. Work by a highway or road agency or railroad company for the maintenance of a road or railroad track, if the work is carried out on land within the boundaries of the right of way;
  - 2. Utility installations as stated in subsection 21A.02.050.B of this title;
  - 3. Landscaping for residential uses; and
  - <u>4.</u> Work involving the maintenance of existing landscaped areas and existing rights of way such as setbacks and other planting areas.

# FLOOR AREA, GROSS<sup>138</sup>

- <u>A.</u> For determining size of establishment, the sum of the gross horizontal area of all floors of the building measured from the exterior face of the exterior walls or from the centerline of walls separating two (2) buildings. The floor area of a building shall include basement floor area, penthouses, attic space having headroom of seven feet (7') or more, interior balconies and mezzanines, enclosed porches, and floor area devoted to accessory uses. Space devoted to open air off street parking or loading shall not be included in floor area.
- <u>B.</u> The floor area of structures devoted to bulk storage of materials including, but not limited to, grain elevators and petroleum storage tanks, shall be determined on the basis of height in feet (i.e., 10 feet in height shall equal 1 floor).

# FLOOR AREA, USABLE<sup>138</sup>

For determining off street parking and loading requirements, the sum of the gross horizontal areas of all floors of the building, as measured from the outside of the exterior walls, devoted to the principal use, including accessory storage areas located within selling or working space such as counters, racks, or closets, and any floor area devoted to retailing activities, to the production or processing of goods or to business or professional offices. Floor area for the purposes of measurement for off street parking spaces shall not include:

- A. Floor area devoted primarily to mechanical equipment or unfinished storage areas;
- <u>B.</u> Floor area devoted to off street parking or loading facilities, including aisles, ramps, and maneuvering space.

#### **GARAGE**

An accessory building or portion of a building designed or used for the storage of vehicles used by the occupants of the principle building.

#### **GARAGE, ATTACHED**

A garage that has a roof or wall of which fifty percent (50%) or more is attached to and in common with a principal building. An attached garage shall be considered part of the principal building and shall be subject to all yard requirements of the principal building.

# HARD SURFACED<sup>138</sup>

A concrete, asphalt, brick, stone, turf block, or other surface approved by the City Engineer that is suitable for vehicle traffic.

#### OFF STREET PARKING<sup>138</sup>

A site or portion of a site devoted to the parking of automobiles in an area that is not a public or private street or other public right-of-way, including parking spaces, aisles, driveways, and associated landscaped areas.

#### OFF-SITE<sup>138</sup>

A lot that is separate from the lot on which the principal use is located.

# **OUTDOOR DINING<sup>138</sup>**

A dining area with seats and/or table(s) located outdoors of a restaurant, brewpub, social club, tavern, market, deli, or other retail sales establishment that sells food and/or drinks, and which is either:

- A. Located entirely outside the walls of the building of the subject business, or
- B. Enclosed on two (2) sides or less by the walls of the building with or without a solid roof cover, or
- C. Enclosed on three (3) sides by the walls of the building without a solid roof cover.

#### **PARKING GARAGE**

A structure or part of a structure used primarily for the housing, parking, or storage of automobiles.

#### **PARKING LOT**

An area on the surface of the land used for the parking of more than four (4) automobiles. Areas designated for the display of new and used vehicles for sale are not included in this definition.

#### **PARKING, OFF-SITE**

An off-street parking area intended to serve one or more uses and that is located on a different parcel or lot than the use(s) it is intended to serve.

# PARK AND RIDE LOT<sup>138</sup>

An area or structure intended to accommodate parked vehicles for the general public, where commuters park their vehicles and continue travel to another destination via public transit, carpool, vanpool, or bicycle. Parking lot may be shared with other uses or stand alone.

#### **PARKING, SHARED**

Joint use of a parking lot or area for more than one principal use.

#### PARKING SPACE<sup>138</sup>

Space within a parking area of certain dimensions as defined in Chapter 21A.44 of this title, exclusive of access drives, aisles, ramps, columns, for the storage of one vehicle.

#### **PARKING STUDY**

A study prepared by a licensed professional traffic engineer specifically addressing the parking demand generated by a use and which provides information necessary to determine whether proposed parking will have a material negative impact to adjacent or neighboring properties.

#### PARKING, TANDEM<sup>138</sup>

The in-line parking of one vehicle behind another in such a way that one parking space can only be accessed through another parking space.

#### PLANNING DIRECTOR<sup>144</sup>

The director of the Salt Lake City Planning Division, or his/her designee.

## **PRIMARY ENTRANCE**

The entrance to a building, parcel, or development most used by the public for day-to-day ingress and egress.

## STREET144

A vehicular way which may also serve for all or part of its width as a way for pedestrian traffic, whether called street, highway, thoroughfare, parkway, throughway, road, avenue, boulevard, lane, place, mall or otherwise designated.

#### **VANPOOL**

A group of seven (7) to fifteen (15) commuters, including the driver, who share the ride to and from work or other destination on a regularly scheduled basis.

# **VEHICLE**<sup>138</sup>

A device by which any person or property may be transported upon a public highway except devices used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks or exclusively moved by human power.

## **VEHICLE, ELECTRIC**

A device which is considered a vehicle that uses electricity as its primary source of power, such as a plugin electric vehicle or a plug-in hybrid electric vehicle. An electric vehicle does not include devices that are moved by human power.

# **VEHICLE, RECREATIONAL**<sup>138</sup>

Any motorized vehicle and/or associated non-motorized equipment used for camping, traveling, boating, or other leisure activities including, but not limited to campers, boats, travel trailers, motor homes, snow mobiles, wave runners, and other vehicles designed for traveling on water (motorized and non-motorized). Trailers used for transporting this type of vehicle are also included within this definition.